

The present conditional tense (*condizionale presente*) is equivalent to the English constructions of "would" + verb (for example: I would never forget). Forming conditionals is easy: Just take any verb, drop the final **-e** in its infinitive form, and add an appropriate ending—endings are the same for all three conjugation groups of verbs. The only spelling change occurs with **-are** verbs, which change the **a** of the infinitive ending to **e** . . . just like in the future indicative tense.

Reflexive verbs follow the same scheme, with the addition of the reflexive pronouns **mi, ti, si, ci, vi, or si** when conjugating them:

***mi laverei, ti laveresti, si laverebbe, ci laveremmo, vi lavereste, si laverebbero.***

Here are some examples of conditional-tense sentences:

- Vorrei un caffè. (I would like a coffee.)
- Scriverei a mia madre, ma non ho tempo. (I would write to my mother, but I don't have time.)
- Mi daresti un biglietto per la partita? (Would you give me a ticket for the game?)

The table below provides examples of three regular Italian verbs (one of each class) conjugated in the present conditional tense.

### CONJUGATING ITALIAN VERBS IN THE PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE

	<b>PARLARE</b>	<b>CREDERE</b>	<b>SENTIRE</b>
io	parl <b>erei</b>	credere <b>ei</b>	sentire <b>ei</b>
tu	parl <b>erest</b> i	creder <b>est</b> i	sentir <b>est</b> i
lui, lei, Lei	parl <b>erebb</b> e	credere <b>ebbe</b>	sentire <b>ebbe</b>
noi	parl <b>eremmo</b>	creder <b>emmo</b>	sentire <b>emmo</b>
voi	parl <b>ereste</b>	creder <b>este</b>	sentire <b>este</b>
loro, Loro	parl <b>erebbero</b>	credere <b>ebbero</b>	sentire <b>ebbero</b>